1D SBCCC 800.1 Definitions

(a) Certification. An industry-recognized credential or designation that is obtained once the student has successfully passed a certification exam. Certification differs from licensure in that certification is a validation of specific industry-valued competencies and not a legal requirement for practicing a profession.

(b) College-level learning. Knowledge, skills, and competencies equivalent to those expected of a student who successfully completes the corresponding curriculum course.

(c) Continuing Education. Definition consistent with 1D SBCCC 300.1(a).

(d) Continuing Education Course. Definition consistent with 1D SBCCC 300.1(b).

(e) Credit for Prior Learning (CPL). Curriculum credit awarded for college-level learning obtained through prior learning experiences other than curriculum coursework. This definition does not include curriculum credit transferred from another accredited US institution of higher education.

(f) Credit for Prior Learning standard. A designated amount of academic credit colleges shall award for college-level learning that fulfills established criteria.

(g) Curriculum course. Definition consistent with 1D SBCCC 400.8.

(h) Curriculum Course Review Committee (CCRC). Definition consistent with 1D SBCCC 400.8(h).

(i) Curriculum program. Definition consistent with 1D SBCCC 400.3(a).

(j) Licensure. A legal status granted by a government entity that provides permission to practice a profession. Licensure restricts practice of the profession to individuals who have met specific qualifications in education, professional experience, and/or have successfully passed an examination.

(k) Prior Learning Assessment. An evaluation of whether a student has obtained the requisite level of verifiable college-level learning outside of the traditional learning environment for curriculum credit.

(l) Continuing Education Leadership Committee (CELC). Definition consistent with 1D SBCCC 300.5 (b)(2).

History Note: Authority G.S. 115D-5;

*Eff.	April 1, 2021.*